NON-INVASIVE IDENTIFICATION OF POTENTIAL HUMAN STRESS BIOMARKERS BY LC-MSMS

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The aim of this work is the identification of potential stress biomarkers that can lead to a rapid detection and monitoring of stress and/or disease states related with exercise.

In the current study, sweat is the target biological fluid for biomarkers detection.

Sampling after a 90 min football match exercise

Poll sample

Extraction

Liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry – LC-MSMS

LC-MSMS analysis

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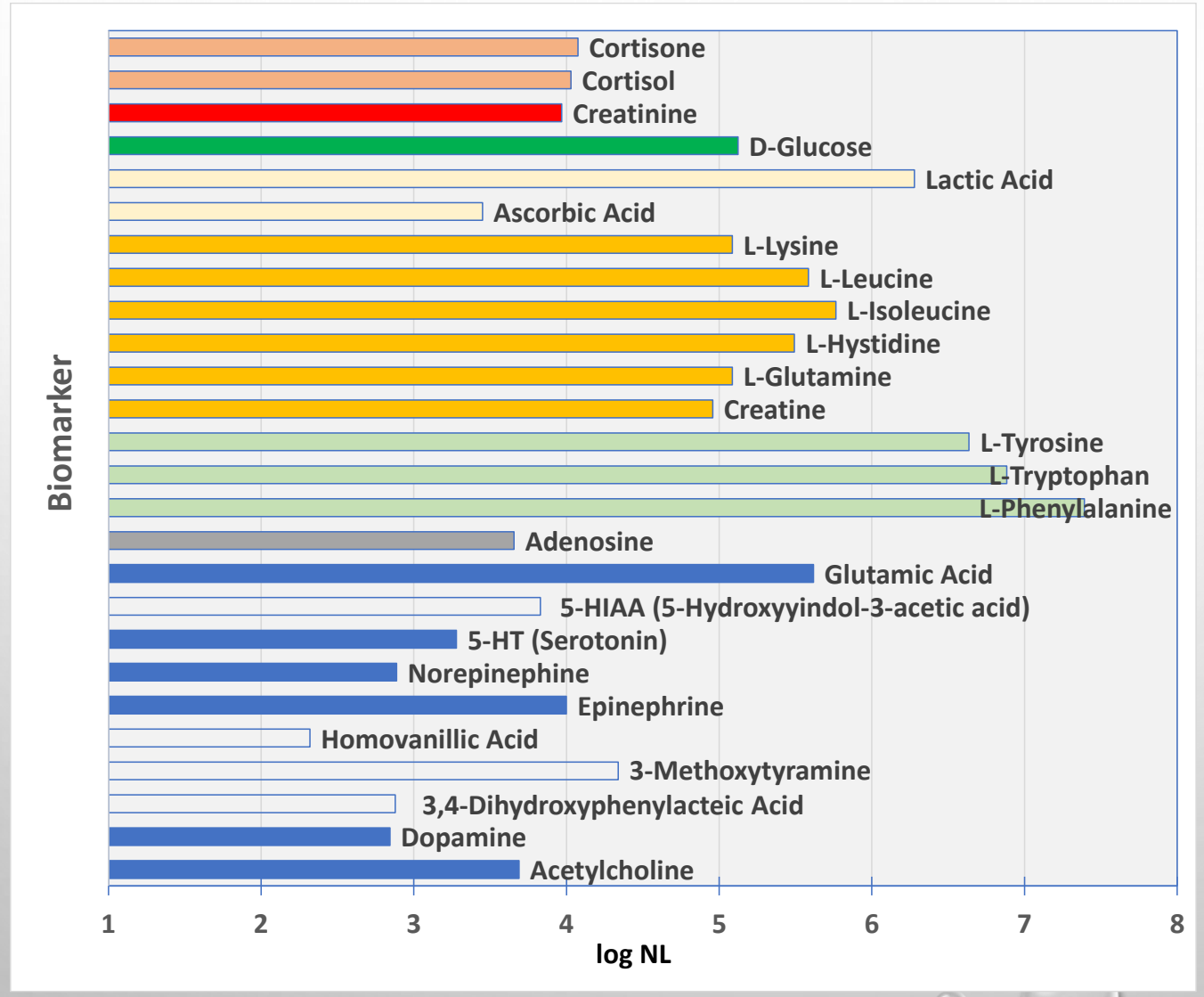
QA 2020

26 Identified Biomarkers



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Thank you !!!

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L-Phenylalanine t_r = 1.59 +ESI SRM ms2
166.10 → 77.00/103.00/120.00/149.00